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> restart
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PROBLEMA DE LA CUERDA DE GUITARRA DE 1 METRO
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> Ecuacion := diff(y(x, t), t$2) = a·2·diff(y(x, t), x$2)
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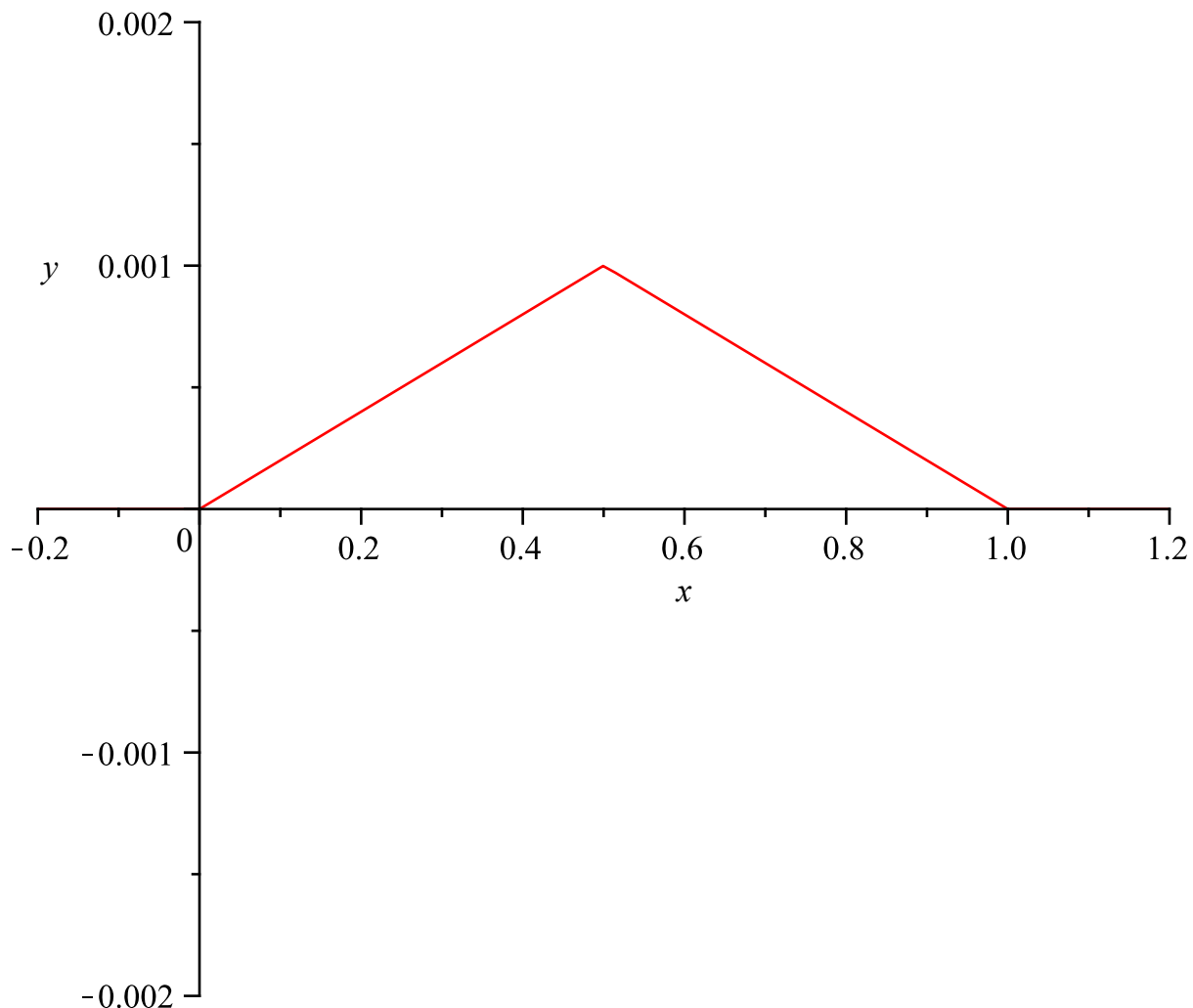
$$\text{Ecuacion} := \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} y(x, t) = a^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} y(x, t) \right) \quad (1)$$

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> CondicionInicialTrayectoria := f = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{1000}\right)}{\left(\frac{5}{10}\right)} \cdot x \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x) - \frac{2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{1000}\right)}{\left(\frac{5}{10}\right)} \cdot \left(x - \frac{5}{10}\right)
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·Heaviside\left(x - \frac{5}{10}\right) + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{1000}\right)}{\left(\frac{5}{10}\right)} \cdot (x - 1) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x - 1);
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plot(rhs(CondicionInicialTrayectoria), x=-0.2..1.2, y=-0.002..0.002)
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CondicionInicialTrayectoria := f = \frac{1}{500} x \text{Heaviside}(x) - \frac{1}{250} \left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right) \text{Heaviside}\left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{500} (x - 1) \text{Heaviside}(x - 1)
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$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{EcuacionSeparable} := \text{simplify}(\text{eval}(\text{subs}(y(x, t) = F(x) \cdot G(t), a \cdot 2 = 1, \text{Ecuacion}))) \\ &\quad \text{EcuacionSeparable} := F(x) \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2} G(t) \right) = \left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x) \right) G(t) \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{EcuacionSep} := \text{simplify}\left(\frac{\text{lhs}(\text{EcuacionSeparable})}{F(x) \cdot G(t)}\right) = \text{simplify}\left(\frac{\text{rhs}(\text{EcuacionSeparable})}{F(x) \cdot G(t)}\right) \\ &\quad \text{EcuacionSep} := \frac{\frac{d^2}{dt^2} G(t)}{G(t)} = \frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x)}{F(x)} \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{EcuacionX} := \text{rhs}(\text{EcuacionSep}) = \alpha; \text{EcuacionT} := \text{lhs}(\text{EcuacionSep}) = \alpha \\ &\quad \text{EcuacionX} := \frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x)}{F(x)} = \alpha \\ &\quad \text{EcuacionT} := \frac{\frac{d^2}{dt^2} G(t)}{G(t)} = \alpha \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{CondicionesX} := F(0) = 0, F(1) = 0 \\ &\quad \text{CondicionesX} := F(0) = 0, F(1) = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{EcuacionXcero} := \text{subs}(\alpha = 0, \text{EcuacionX}) \\ &\quad \text{EcuacionXcero} := \frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x)}{F(x)} = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (6)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{SolucionXceroPart} := \text{dsolve}(\{\text{EcuacionXcero}, \text{CondicionesX}\}) \\ &\quad \text{SolucionXceroPart} := F(x) = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{EcuacionXpos} := \text{subs}(\alpha = \beta \cdot 2, \text{EcuacionX}) \\ &\quad \text{EcuacionXpos} := \frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x)}{F(x)} = \beta^2 \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{SolucionXpos} := \text{dsolve}(\{\text{EcuacionXpos}, \text{CondicionesX}\}) \\ &\quad \text{SolucionXpos} := F(x) = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (9)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{EcuacionXneg} := \text{subs}(\alpha = -\beta \cdot 2, \text{EcuacionX}) \\ &\quad \text{EcuacionXneg} := \frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x)}{F(x)} = -\beta^2 \end{aligned} \quad (10)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{SolucionXneg} := \text{dsolve}(\text{EcuacionXneg}) \\ &\quad \text{SolucionXneg} := F(x) = _C1 \sin(\beta x) + _C2 \cos(\beta x) \end{aligned} \quad (11)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{Parametro} := \text{simplify}(\text{subs}(x = 0, \text{rhs}(\text{SolucionXneg}) = 0)) \\ &\quad \text{Parametro} := _C2 = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (12)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{C} \\ &> \text{SolucionXnegBis} := \text{subs}(_C2 = \text{rhs}(\text{Parametro}), \text{SolucionXneg}) \\ &\quad \text{SolucionXnegBis} := F(x) = _C1 \sin(\beta x) \end{aligned} \quad (13)$$

> beta := n·Pi

$$\beta := n \pi \quad (14)$$

> SolucionXnegPart := SolucionXnegBis

$$\text{SolucionXnegPart} := F(x) = _C1 \sin(n \pi x) \quad (15)$$

> SolucionTneg := dsolve(subs(alpha=-beta·2, EcuacionT))

$$\text{SolucionTneg} := G(t) = _C1 \sin(n \pi t) + _C2 \cos(n \pi t) \quad (16)$$

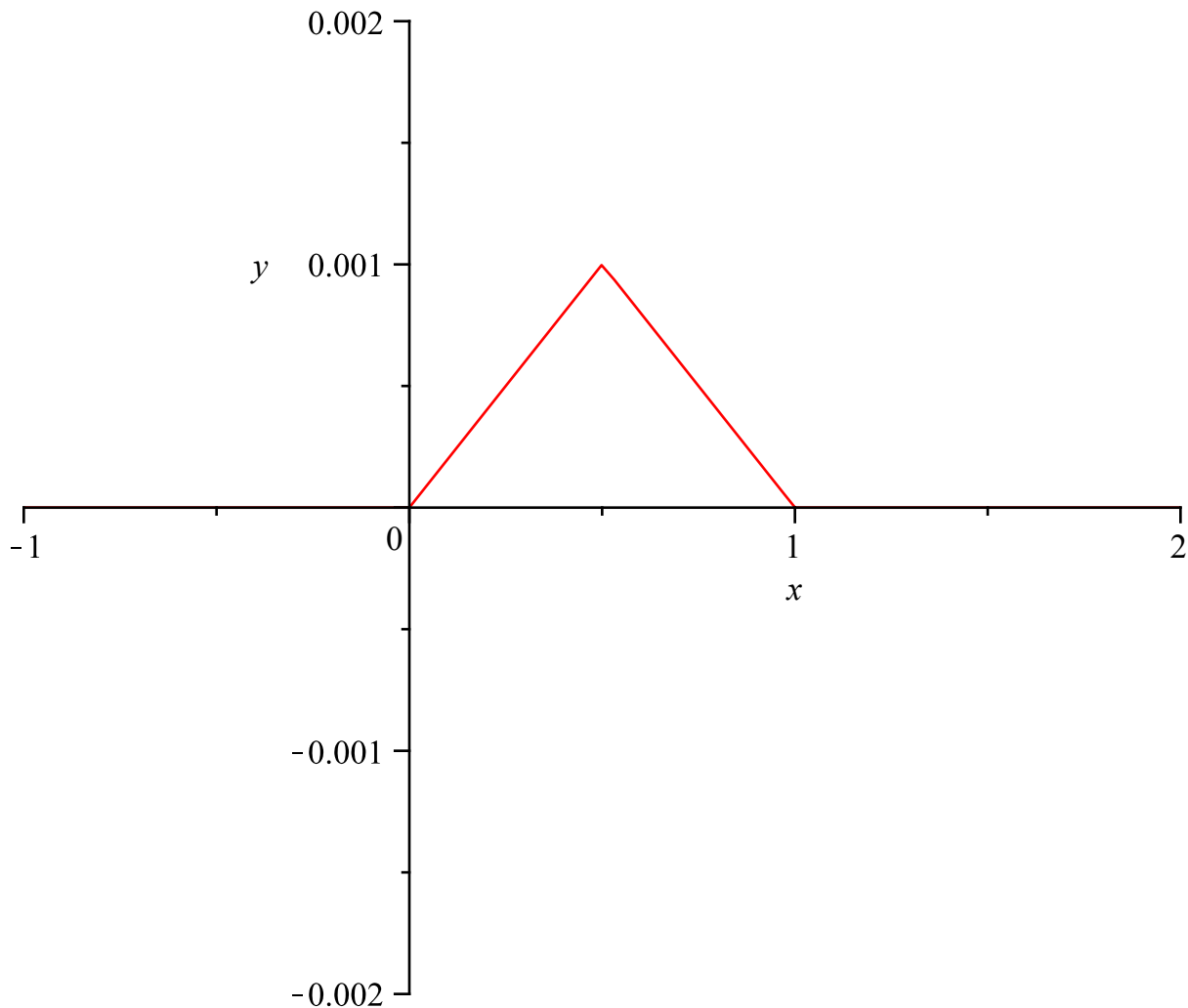
> SolucionUno := y(x, t) = subs(_C1 = 1, rhs(SolucionXnegPart)) · rhs(SolucionTneg)

$$\text{SolucionUno} := y(x, t) = \sin(n \pi x) (_C1 \sin(n \pi t) + _C2 \cos(n \pi t)) \quad (17)$$

> SolucionGeneral := y(x, t) = Sum(subs(_C1 = 1, rhs(SolucionXnegPart)) · subs(_C2 = b_n, _C1 = a_n, rhs(SolucionTneg)), n = 1 ..infinity)

$$\text{SolucionGeneral} := y(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sin(n \pi x) (a_n \sin(n \pi t) + b_n \cos(n \pi t)) \quad (18)$$

> plot(rhs(CondicionInicialTrayectoria), x=-1 ..2, y=-0.002 ..0.002)



> L := $\frac{5}{10}$; b_n := $\left(\frac{1}{L}\right) \cdot \text{int}(\text{rhs}(\text{CondicionInicialTrayectoria}) \cdot \sin(n \cdot \text{Pi} \cdot x), x = 0 ..1)$; a_n := 0

$$L := \frac{1}{2}$$

$$b_n := \frac{1}{250} \frac{-\sin(n\pi) + 2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} n \pi\right)}{n^2 \pi^2}$$

$$a_n := 0 \quad (19)$$

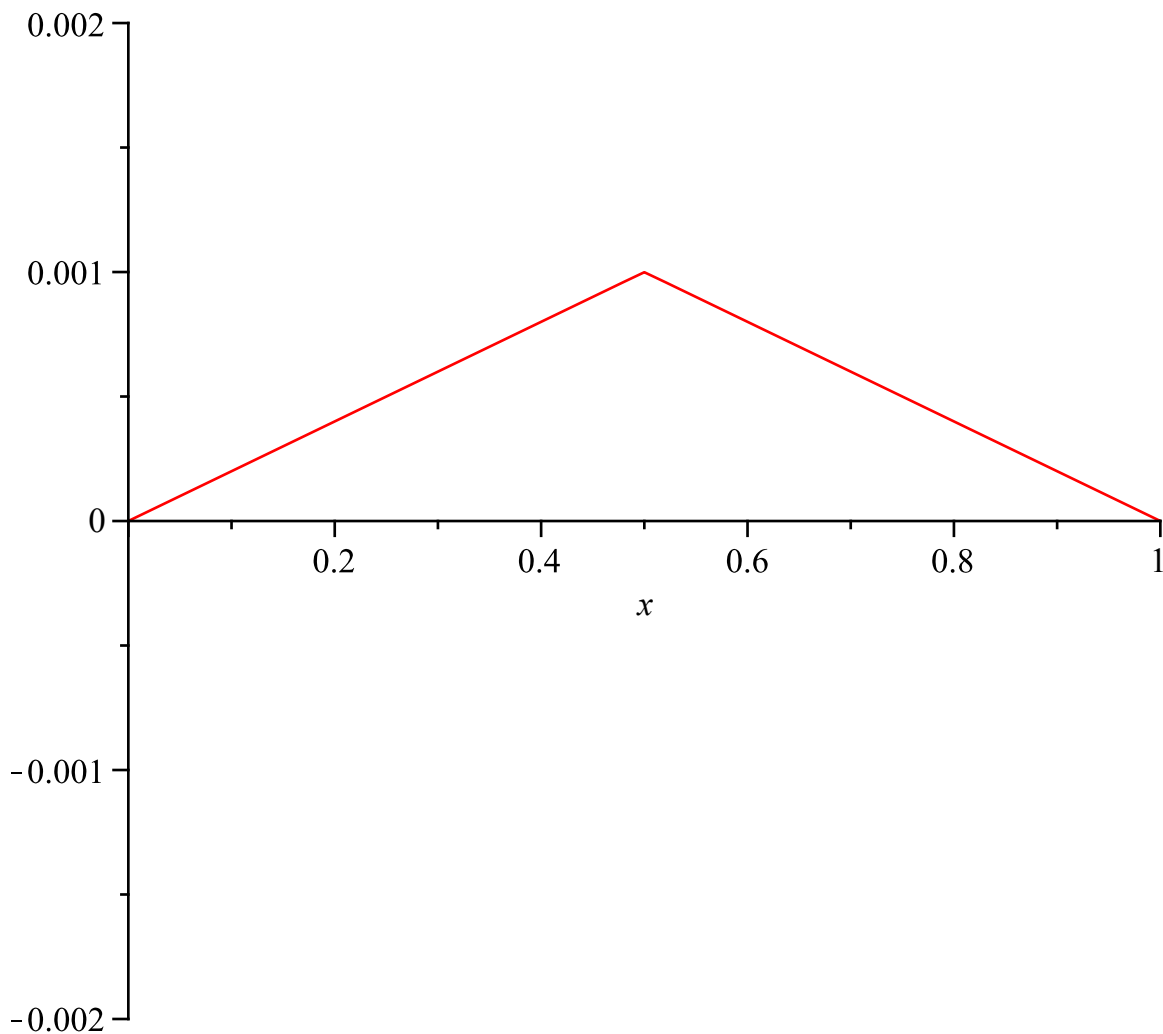
> *SolucionParticular* := *SolucionGeneral*

$$\text{SolucionParticular} := y(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{250} \frac{\sin(n\pi x) \left(-\sin(n\pi) + 2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} n \pi\right) \right) \cos(n\pi t)}{n^2 \pi^2} \quad (20)$$

> *Solucion*₅₀₀ := $y(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{500} \frac{1}{250} \frac{\sin(n\pi x) \left(-\sin(n\pi) + 2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} n \pi\right) \right) \cos(n\pi t)}{n^2 \pi^2} :$

> *with(plots)* :

> *animate*(*rhs*(*Solucion*₅₀₀), *x* = 0 ..1, *t* = 0 ..4, *frames* = 150, *view* = [0 ..1, -0.002 ..0.002])



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