

Método de Coeficientes Homogéneos

$$M(x, y) + N(x, y) \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

Se sustituyen $x \Rightarrow \lambda x$ $y \Rightarrow \lambda y$

$$M(\lambda x, \lambda y) = \lambda^m M(x, y)$$

$$N(\lambda x, \lambda y) = \lambda^n N(x, y) \quad m=n$$

$$y = u(x) \cdot x \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = u(x) \cdot (1) + x \frac{du}{dx}$$

Variables Separables.

$$M(x, y) \frac{dx}{dy} + N(x, y) = 0$$

$$x = v(y) \cdot y \quad \frac{dx}{dy} = v(y) + y \frac{dv}{dy}$$

Variables Separables.

$$149. \quad y' = \frac{2xy}{3x^2 - y^2}$$

$$(3x^2 - y^2) \frac{dy}{dx} = 2xy$$

$$-2xy + (3x^2 - y^2) \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$M(x, y) = -2xy \quad M(\lambda x, \lambda y) = -2(\lambda x)(\lambda y)$$

$$= \lambda^2(-2xy) \quad m=2$$

$$N(x, y) = 3x^2 - y^2 \quad N(\lambda x, \lambda y) = 3(\lambda x)^2 - (\lambda y)^2$$

$$= \lambda^2(3x^2 - y^2) \quad n=2$$

$$m=n$$

$$y = u \cdot x \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = u + x \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$-2x(ux) + (3x^2 - (ux)^2) \left(u + x \frac{du}{dx} \right) = 0$$

$$-2ux^2 + 3x^2u - u^3x^2 + (3x^3 - u^2x^3) \frac{du}{dx} = 0$$

$$x^2(-2u + 3u - u^3) + x^3(3 - u^2) \frac{du}{dx} = 0$$

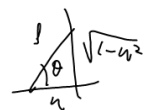
$$x^2(u - u^3) + x^3(3 - u^2) \frac{du}{dx} = 0$$

$$\textcircled{Sg} \Rightarrow \int \frac{x^2}{x^3} dx + \int \frac{(3 - u^2) du}{u - u^3} = C_1 \quad \begin{array}{l} r = u - u^3 \\ dr = 1 - 3u^2 \end{array}$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{x} + \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(1 - 3u^2) du}{u - u^3} = C_1$$

$$\ln x + \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(1 - 3u^2) du}{u - u^3} + \frac{8}{3} \int \frac{du}{u - u^3} = C_1$$

$$\ln x + \frac{1}{3} \ln(u - u^3) + \frac{8}{3} \int \frac{du}{u(1 - u^2)} = C_1$$



$$\frac{u}{1} = \cos(\theta) \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-u^2}}{1} = \sin(\theta)$$

$$du = -\sin(\theta) d\theta \quad 1 - u^2 = \sin^2(\theta)$$

$$-\frac{8}{3} \int \frac{-\sin(\theta) d\theta}{\cos(\theta) \sin^2(\theta)} \Rightarrow \frac{8}{3} \int \frac{d\theta}{\cos(\theta) \sin(\theta)}$$

$$149. C (y^2 - x^2) = y^3.$$

$$\text{Ecuacion Dos} := \frac{d}{dx} u(x) = - \frac{u(x) (-1 + u(x)^2)}{x (-3 + u(x)^2)}$$

$$x(-3+u^2) \frac{du}{dx} = -u(u^2-1) \quad \left(\frac{\frac{du}{u(-1+u^2)}}{-3+u^2} \right) = - \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$u(u^2-1) + x(-3+u^2) \frac{du}{dx} = 0$$

$$u(u^2-1)dx + x(-3+u^2)du = 0$$

$$\frac{(-3+u^2)du}{u(u^2-1)} = - \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$\frac{dx}{x} + \frac{(-3+u^2)}{u(u^2-1)} du = 0$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{x} + \int \frac{(-3+u^2)}{u(u^2-1)} du = C_1.$$