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> resta[rt
> DiaSemana := Lunes, Martes, Miercoles, Jueves, Viernes, Sabado, Domingo
    DiaSemana := Lunes, Martes, Miercoles, Jueves, Viernes, Sabado, Domingo (1)
=
> Dia := [DiaSemana]
    Dia := [Lunes, Martes, Miercoles, Jueves, Viernes, Sabado, Domingo] (2)
=
> Dia1
    Lunes (3)
=
> Dia5
    Viernes (4)
=
> DiaSemana7
    Domingo (5)
=
> DiaHabil := Dia[1..5]
    DiaHabil := [Lunes, Martes, Miercoles, Jueves, Viernes] (6)
=
> FinSemana := Dia[6..7]
    FinSemana := [Sabado, Domingo] (7)
=
> ConjuntoDia := {DiaSemana}
    ConjuntoDia := {Domingo, Jueves, Lunes, Martes, Sabado, Viernes, Miercoles} (8)
=
> DiaAlfabetico := sort(Dia)
    DiaAlfabetico := [Domingo, Jueves, Lunes, Martes, Miercoles, Sabado, Viernes] (9)
=
> ?sort
> Sistema := 2 x + 3 y = 5, 3 x - 4 y = -4; Sistema1; Sistema2
    Sistema := 2 x + 3 y = 5, 3 x - 4 y = -4
    2 x + 3 y = 5
    3 x - 4 y = -4 (10)
=
> Raiz := solve( {Sistema}, {x, y})
    Raiz := {x = 8/17, y = 23/17} (11)
=
> Raiz1; Raiz2
    x = 8/17
    y = 23/17 (12)
=
> Comprobacion10 := subs(x = rhs(Raiz1), y = rhs(Raiz2), Sistema1)
    Comprobacion10 := 5 = 5 (13)
=
> Comprobacion20 := subs(x = rhs(Raiz1), y = rhs(Raiz2), Sistema2)
    Comprobacion20 := -4 = -4 (14)
=
> AA := array([ [1, -2], [3, 4] ])
    AA := [ 1 -2
            3  4 ] (15)
=
> BB := array([ [1, -2, 3], [-4, 5, 6], [7, 8, -9] ])

```

$$BB := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 \\ -4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \quad (16)$$

> *with(linalg)*  
 [*BlockDiagonal, GramSchmidt, JordanBlock, LUdecomp, QRdecomp, Wronskian, addcol, addrow, adj, adjoint, angle, augment, backsub, band, basis, bezout, blockmatrix, charmat, charpoly, cholesky, col, coldim, colspace, colspan, companion, concat, cond, copyinto, crossprod, curl, definite, delcols, delrows, det, diag, diverge, dotprod, eigenvals, eigenvalues, eigenvectors, eigenvects, entermatrix, equal, exponential, extend, ffgausselim, fibonacci, forwardsub, frobenius, gausselim, gaussjord, geneqns, genmatrix, grad, hadamard, hermite, hessian, hilbert, htranspose, ihermite, indexfunc, innerprod, intbasis, inverse, ismith, issimilar, iszero, jacobian, jordan, kernel, laplacian, leastsqrs, linsolve, matadd, matrix, minor, minpoly, mulcol, mulrow, multiply, norm, normalize, nullspace, orthog, permanent, pivot, potential, randmatrix, randvector, rank, ratform, row, rowdim, rowspace, rowspan, rref, scalarmul, singularvals, smith, stackmatrix, submatrix, subvector, sumbasis, swapcol, swaprow, sylvestor, toeplitz, trace, transpose, vandermonde, vecpotent, vectdim, vector, wronskian*]

> *InvBB := inverse(BB)*

$$InvBB := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{31}{102} & -\frac{1}{51} & \frac{3}{34} \\ -\frac{1}{51} & \frac{5}{51} & \frac{1}{17} \\ \frac{67}{306} & \frac{11}{153} & \frac{1}{102} \end{bmatrix} \quad (18)$$

> *evalm(BB)*

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 \\ -4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \quad (19)$$

> *Identidad := evalm( BB &\* InvBB)*

$$Identidad := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (20)$$

> *Determ := det(BB)*

$$Determ := -306 \quad (21)$$

> *Ecuacion := x<sup>3</sup> + x<sup>2</sup> - 7 x - 15 = 0*

$$Ecuacion := x^3 + x^2 - 7 x - 15 = 0 \quad (22)$$

> *Solucion := solve(Ecuacion)*

$$Solucion := 3, -2 + I, -2 - I \quad (23)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{EcuacionOriginal} := \text{expand}((x - \text{Solucion}_1) \cdot (x - \text{Solucion}_2) \cdot (x - \text{Solucion}_3)) = 0 \\ &\quad \text{EcuacionOriginal} := x^3 + x^2 - 7x - 15 = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (24)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{Comprobacion}_{31} := \text{subs}(x = \text{Solucion}_1, \text{Ecuacion}) \\ &\quad \text{Comprobacion}_{31} := 0 = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (25)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{Comprobacion}_{32} := \text{subs}(x = \text{Solucion}_2, \text{Ecuacion}) \\ &\quad \text{Comprobacion}_{32} := 0 = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (26)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{Comprobacion}_{33} := \text{subs}(x = \text{Solucion}_3, \text{Ecuacion}) \\ &\quad \text{Comprobacion}_{33} := 0 = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (27)$$

$> \text{restart}$

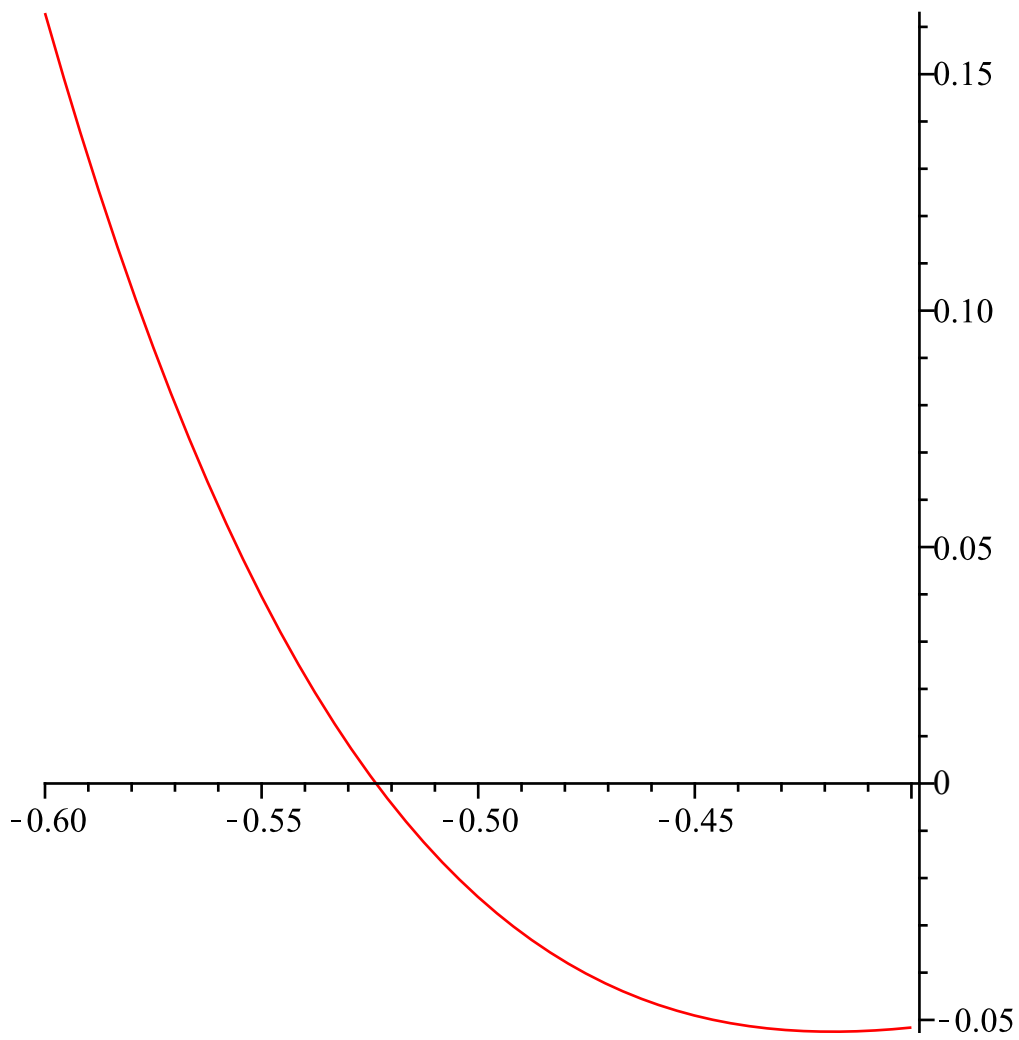
$$\begin{aligned} &> F := x^3 \cdot \exp(-2x) \cdot \cos(3x) \\ &\quad F := x^3 e^{-2x} \cos(3x) \end{aligned} \quad (28)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{Derivacion} := \text{Diff}(x^3 \cdot \exp(-2x) \cdot \cos(3x), x) = \text{diff}(x^3 \cdot \exp(-2x) \cdot \cos(3x), x) \\ &\quad \text{Derivacion} := \frac{d}{dx} (x^3 e^{-2x} \cos(3x)) = 3x^2 e^{-2x} \cos(3x) - 2x^3 e^{-2x} \cos(3x) \\ &\quad \quad - 3x^3 e^{-2x} \sin(3x) \end{aligned} \quad (29)$$

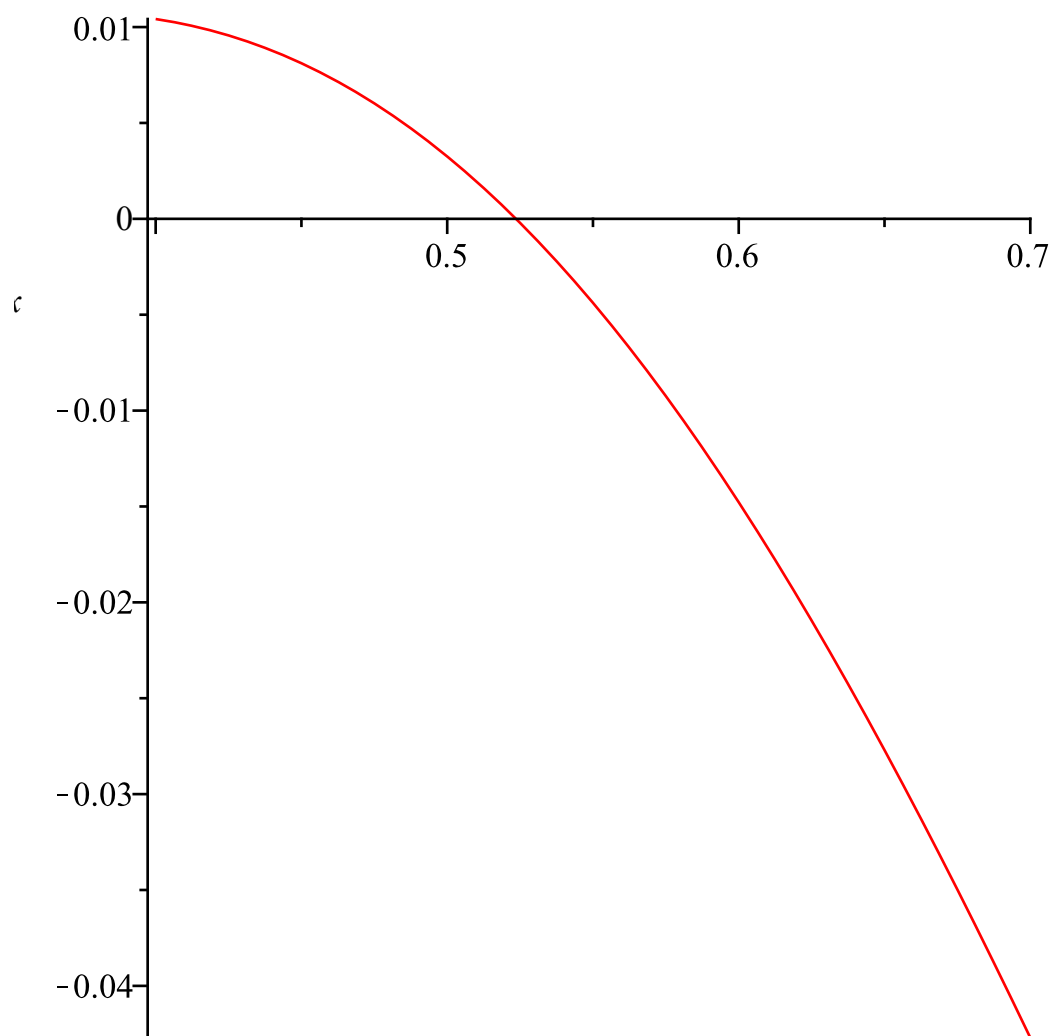
$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{IntegracionIndefinida} := \text{Int}(x^3 \cdot \exp(-2x) \cdot \cos(3x), x) = \text{int}(x^3 \cdot \exp(-2x) \cdot \cos(3x), x) \\ &\quad \text{IntegracionIndefinida} := \int x^3 e^{-2x} \cos(3x) \, dx = \left( -\frac{2}{13} x^3 + \frac{15}{169} x^2 + \frac{276}{2197} x \right. \\ &\quad \quad \left. + \frac{714}{28561} \right) e^{-2x} \cos(3x) - \left( -\frac{3}{13} x^3 - \frac{36}{169} x^2 - \frac{54}{2197} x + \frac{720}{28561} \right) e^{-2x} \sin(3x) \end{aligned} \quad (30)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{IntegracionDefinida} := \text{Int}(x^3 \cdot \exp(-2x) \cdot \cos(3x), x = -\text{Pi} .. \text{Pi}) = \text{evalf}(\text{int}(x^3 \cdot \exp(-2x) \\ &\quad \cdot \cos(3x), x = -\text{Pi} .. \text{Pi})) \\ &\quad \text{IntegracionDefinida} := \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} x^3 e^{-2x} \cos(3x) \, dx = 2825.544647 \end{aligned} \quad (31)$$

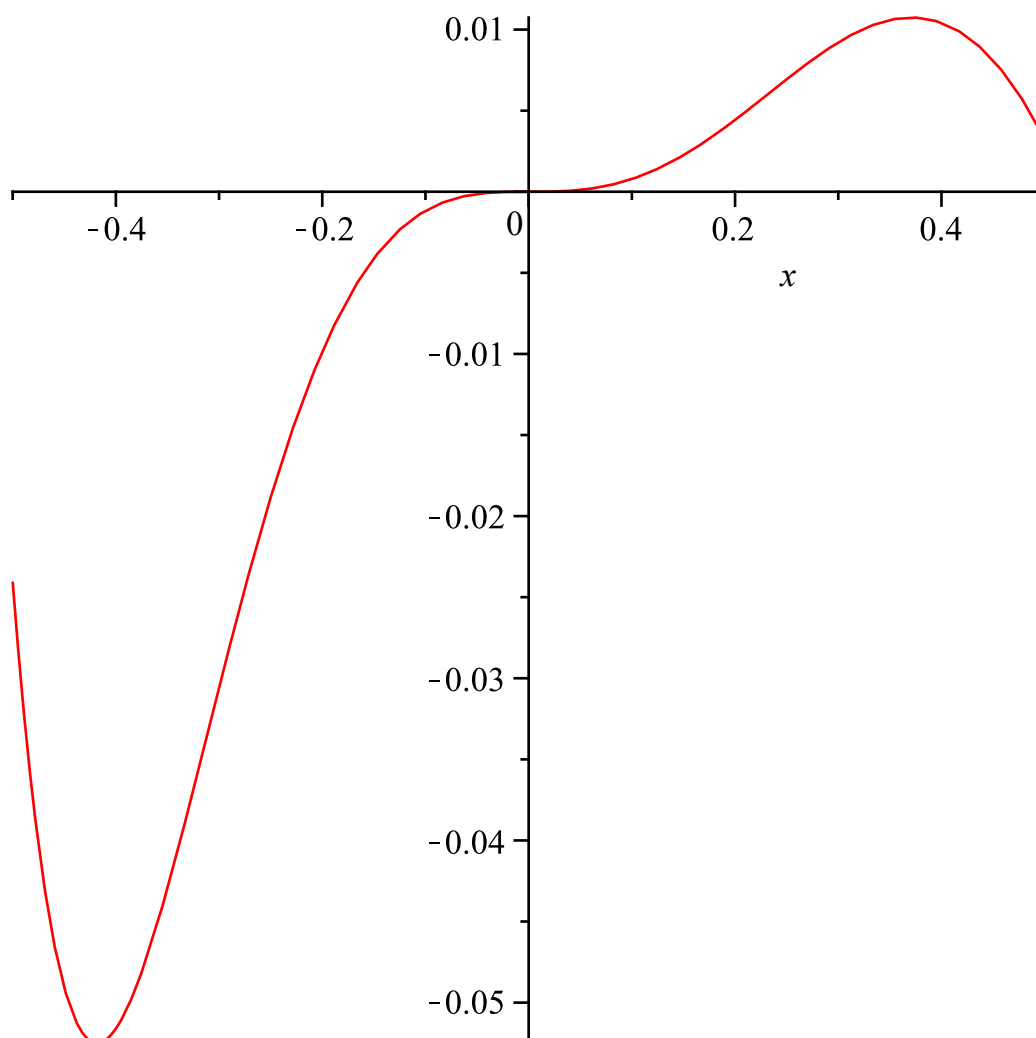
$$> \text{plot}(F, x = -0.6 .. -0.4)$$



```
=  
> plot(F, x = 0.4 .. 0.7)
```



```
=  
> plot(F, x=-0.5..0.5)
```



>  $Raices := solve(F=0); evalf(Raices_4)$

$$Raices := 0, 0, 0, \frac{1}{6} \pi$$

$$0.5235987758$$

(32)

> restart

>  $EcuacionDiferencial := diff(y(x), x\$3) + diff(y(x), x\$2) - 7 diff(y(x), x) - 15 \cdot y(x) = 0$

$$EcuacionDiferencial := \frac{d^3}{dx^3} y(x) + \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) - 7 \left( \frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) - 15 y(x) = 0$$

(33)

>  $SolucionGeneral := dsolve(EcuacionDiferencial)$

$$SolucionGeneral := y(x) = \_C1 e^{3x} + \_C2 e^{-2x} \sin(x) + \_C3 e^{-2x} \cos(x)$$

(34)

>  $Condiciones := y(0) = 2 \cdot \pi, D(y)(0) = 3 \pi, (D@D)(y)(0) = -\pi$

$$Condiciones := y(0) = 2 \pi, D(y)(0) = 3 \pi, D^{(2)}(y)(0) = -\pi$$

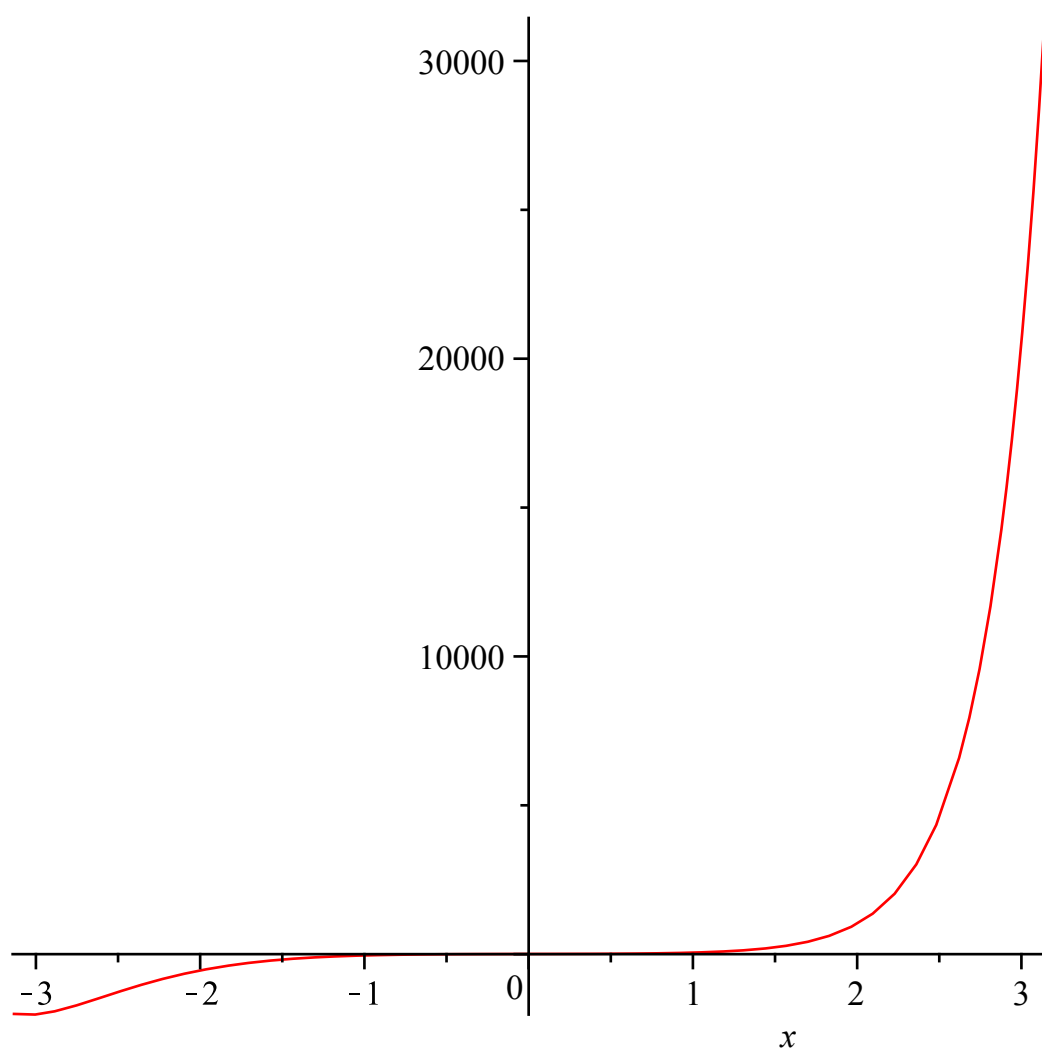
(35)

>  $SolucionParticular := dsolve(\{EcuacionDiferencial, Condiciones\})$

$$SolucionParticular := y(x) = \frac{21}{26} \pi e^{3x} + \frac{77}{26} \pi e^{-2x} \sin(x) + \frac{31}{26} \pi e^{-2x} \cos(x)$$

(36)

>  $plot(rhs(SolucionParticular), x = -\pi .. \pi)$



```
=  
> plot(rhs(SolucionParticular), x=-0.6..0)
```

