

$$a_0 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + a_1 \frac{dy}{dx} + a_2 y = Q(x). \quad \text{EDO}(2) \subset \text{NHcc}$$

Resolver la EDO(2) $\subset \text{NHcc}$.

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + \frac{a_1}{a_0} \frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{a_2}{a_0} y = 0$$

$$(D - m_1)(D - m_2) y = 0$$

$$y = C_1 e^{m_1 x} + C_2 e^{m_2 x}$$

MCI. - NH.

$$Q(x) \rightarrow (D - a)_A$$

$(D - a)$	$Q(x)$
$(D - m_1)$	$e^{m_1 x}$
$(D - m_1)^2$	$x e^{m_1 x}$
$(D - m_1)^{n+1}$	$x^n e^{m_1 x}$
D	1
D^2	x
D^{n+1}	x^n

$(D^2 - 2aD + (a^2 + b^2))$	$e^{ax} \cos(bx)$ $e^{ax} \sin(bx)$
$D^2 + b^2$	$\cos(bx)$ $\sin(bx)$
$(D^2 + b^2)^{n+1}$	$x^n \cos(bx)$ $x^n \sin(bx)$
$(D^2 - 2aD + (a^2 + b^2))^{n+1}$	$x^n e^{ax} \cos(bx)$ $x^n e^{ax} \sin(bx)$

$$(m - a + bi)(m - a - bi) = 0$$

$$((m - a) + bi)((m - a) - bi) = 0$$

$$(m - a)^2 - (bi)^2 = 0$$

$$(m^2 - 2am + a^2 + b^2) = 0$$

$$(D^2 - 2aD + (a^2 + b^2)) = 0$$

$e^{ax} x^n$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \cos(bx) \\ \sin(bx) \end{array} \right\}$
 $a \in \mathbb{R} \quad n \in \mathbb{N} \quad b \in \mathbb{R}$
 cualquier combinación
 tiene amplificador.

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 5 \frac{dy}{dx} + 6 y = \underbrace{e^{-2x} + x e^{-2x}}_{(D+2)^2} + \cos(4x)_{(D^2+16)} \quad Q(x)$$

$$(D-3)(D-2)y = 0$$

$$(D-3)(D-2)(D+2)_A^2 (D^2+16)_A = 0$$

MÉTODO DE PARÁMETROS VARIABLES

$$y_{g/NH} = y_{g/H_0} + y_{p/q}.$$

$$y_{g/H} = c_1 y_1 + c_2 y_2 + \dots + c_n y_n$$

$$y_{g/NH} = A(x) y_1 + B(x) y_2 + \dots + D(x) y_n$$

EJEMPLO

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 2 \frac{dy}{dx} + y = x e^x$$

$$(\mathcal{D}^2 - 2\mathcal{D} + 1)y = 0$$

$$(\mathcal{D} - 1)^2 y = 0 \longrightarrow (\mathcal{D} - 1)^2 (\mathcal{D} - 1)^2 y = 0$$

$$y = c_1 e^x + c_2 x e^x \quad (\mathcal{D} - 1)^4 y = 0$$

$$y = A(x)e^x + B(x)xe^x \longrightarrow \text{SH(NH)}.$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = A(x)e^x + B(x)(xe^x + e^x) + \underbrace{A'(x)e^x + B'(x)xe^x}_{=0}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (A(x) + B(x))e^x + B(x)xe^x + (0)$$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = (A'(x) + B'(x))e^x + B'(x)(xe^x + e^x) + \underbrace{(A''(x) + B''(x))e^x + B''(x)xe^x}_{=0}$$

SISTEMA
ALGEBRAICO

$$A'(x)e^x + B'(x)xe^x = 0 \quad Q(x)$$

$$(A'(x) + B'(x))e^x + B'(x)(xe^x + e^x) = xe^x$$

$$A'(x) \quad B'(x)$$

$$A(x) \quad B(x)$$

$$(D^3 + 27)y(x) = 5e^{3x} + 2x$$

$$m^3 + 27 = 0$$

$$(m+3)(m^2 - 3m + 9) = 0$$

$$(D+3)(D^2 - 3D + 9)(D-3)_A (D^2)_A y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) = \underbrace{C_1 e^{-3x} + C_2 e^{\frac{3}{2}x} \cos\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}x\right) + C_3 e^{\frac{3}{2}x} \sin\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}x\right)}_{\text{SG/H.A.}} + \underbrace{Ae^{3x} + Bx + D}_{y_p/q.}$$

$$y_p = Ae^{3x} + Bx + D$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3Ae^{3x} + B + (0)$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 9Ae^{3x} + (0)$$

$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} = 27Ae^{3x}$$

$$\left(27Ae^{3x} + 27(Ae^{3x} + Bx + D)\right) = 5e^{3x} + 2x$$

$$54Ae^{3x} + 27Bx + 27D = 5e^{3x} + 2x$$

$$\begin{aligned} 54A &= 5 & A &= \frac{5}{54} \\ 27B &= 2 & B &= \frac{2}{27} \\ 27D &= 0 & D &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$(m-2)^3 \Rightarrow m^3 - 6m^2 + 12m - 8 = 0$$

$$y = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 x e^{2x} + C_3 x^2 e^{2x}$$

$$\frac{d^3 y}{dx^3} - 6 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 12 \frac{dy}{dx} - 8y = 0$$