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> restart
> Ecua := y'' - 2·y' + 5·y = 3·exp(2·x)
      Ecua :=  $\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) - 2 \left( \frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) + 5 y(x) = 3 e^{2x}$  (1)

PRIMERA POSIBLE SOLUCIÓN
> Q := rhs(Ecua)
      Q :=  $3 e^{2x}$  (2)

> Cond := y(0) = -3, D(y)(0) = 12
      Cond :=  $y(0) = -3, D(y)(0) = 12$  (3)

> EcuaHom := lhs(Ecua) = 0
      EcuaHom :=  $\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) - 2 \left( \frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) + 5 y(x) = 0$  (4)

> EcuaCarac := m2 - 2·m + 5 = 0
      EcuaCarac :=  $m^2 - 2 m + 5 = 0$  (5)

> Raiz := solve(EcuaCarac)
      Raiz :=  $1 + 2 I, 1 - 2 I$  (6)

> yy[1] := exp(Re(Raiz[1])·x)·cos(Im(Raiz[1])·x); yy[2] := exp(Re(Raiz[1])·x)
      ·sin(Im(Raiz[1])·x)
      yy1 :=  $e^x \cos(2x)$ 
      yy2 :=  $e^x \sin(2x)$  (7)

> SolHomAsoc := y(x) = _C1·yy[1] + _C2·yy[2]
      SolHomAsoc :=  $y(x) = _C1 e^x \cos(2x) + _C2 e^x \sin(2x)$  (8)

> SolGral := y(x) = A(x)·yy[1] + B(x)·yy[2]
      SolGral :=  $y(x) = A(x) e^x \cos(2x) + B(x) e^x \sin(2x)$  (9)

> with(linalg):
> WW := wronskian([yy[1], yy[2]], x)
      WW := 
$$\begin{bmatrix} e^x \cos(2x) & e^x \sin(2x) \\ e^x \cos(2x) - 2 e^x \sin(2x) & e^x \sin(2x) + 2 e^x \cos(2x) \end{bmatrix}$$
 (10)

> BB := array([0, Q])
      BB := 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 e^{2x} \end{bmatrix}$$
 (11)

> DerParVar := linsolve(WW, BB): Aprima := simplify(DerParVar[1]); Bprima
      := simplify(DerParVar[2])
      Aprima :=  $-\frac{3}{2} e^x \sin(2x)$ 
      Bprima :=  $\frac{3}{2} e^x \cos(2x)$  (12)

> A(x) := int(Aprima, x) + _C1; B(x) := int(Bprima, x) + _C2
      A(x) :=  $\frac{3}{5} e^x \cos(2x) - \frac{3}{10} e^x \sin(2x) + _C1$  (13)

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$$B(x) := \frac{3}{10} e^x \cos(2x) + \frac{3}{5} e^x \sin(2x) + _C2 \quad (13)$$

> $SolNoHom := SolGral$

$$SolNoHom := y(x) = \left(\frac{3}{5} e^x \cos(2x) - \frac{3}{10} e^x \sin(2x) + _C1 \right) e^x \cos(2x) + \left(\frac{3}{10} e^x \cos(2x) + \frac{3}{5} e^x \sin(2x) + _C2 \right) e^x \sin(2x) \quad (14)$$

> $PrimeraCondicion := eval(subs(x=0, rhs(SolNoHom) = -3))$

$$PrimeraCondicion := \frac{3}{5} + _C1 = -3 \quad (15)$$

> $SegundaCondicion := eval(subs(x=0, rhs(diff(SolNoHom, x)) = 12))$

$$SegundaCondicion := \frac{6}{5} + _C1 + 2 _C2 = 12 \quad (16)$$

> $Para[1] := isolate(PrimeraCondicion, _C1)$

$$Para_1 := _C1 = -\frac{18}{5} \quad (17)$$

> $Para[2] := isolate(subs(_C1 = rhs(Para[1]), SegundaCondicion), _C2)$

$$Para_2 := _C2 = \frac{36}{5} \quad (18)$$

> $SolPart := simplify(subs(_C1 = rhs(Para[1]), _C2 = rhs(Para[2]), SolNoHom))$

$$SolPart := y(x) = -\frac{3}{5} e^x (-e^x + 6 \cos(2x) - 12 \sin(2x)) \quad (19)$$

comprobaciones

> $SolPartDos := dsolve(\{Ecua, Cond\})$

$$SolPartDos := y(x) = \frac{36}{5} e^x \sin(2x) - \frac{18}{5} e^x \cos(2x) + \frac{3}{5} e^{2x} \quad (20)$$

> $Condicion[1] := simplify(subs(x=0, SolPart))$

$$Condicion_1 := y(0) = -3 \quad (21)$$

> $Condicion[2] := D(y)(0) = simplify(subs(x=0, rhs(diff(SolPart, x))))$

$$Condicion_2 := D(y)(0) = 12 \quad (22)$$

> $Cond$

$$y(0) = -3, D(y)(0) = 12 \quad (23)$$

> $restart$

> $Ecua := y'' - 2 \cdot y' + 5 \cdot y = 3 \cdot \exp(2 \cdot x)$

$$Ecua := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) - 2 \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) + 5 y(x) = 3 e^{2x} \quad (24)$$

SEGUNDA POSIBLE SOLUCIÓN

> $Q := rhs(Ecua)$

$$Q := 3 e^{2x} \quad (25)$$

> $Cond := y(0) = 4, D(y)(0) = -8$

$$Cond := y(0) = 4, D(y)(0) = -8 \quad (26)$$

> $EcuaHom := lhs(Ecua) = 0$

$$(27)$$

$$EcuaHom := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) - 2 \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) + 5 y(x) = 0 \quad (27)$$

> $EcuaCarac := m^2 - 2 \cdot m + 5 = 0$
 $EcuaCarac := m^2 - 2 m + 5 = 0$ (28)

> $Raiz := solve(EcuaCarac)$
 $Raiz := 1 + 2 I, 1 - 2 I$ (29)

> $yy[1] := \exp(\operatorname{Re}(Raiz[1]) \cdot x) \cdot \cos(\operatorname{Im}(Raiz[1]) \cdot x); yy[2] := \exp(\operatorname{Re}(Raiz[1]) \cdot x) \cdot \sin(\operatorname{Im}(Raiz[1]) \cdot x)$
 $yy_1 := e^x \cos(2x)$
 $yy_2 := e^x \sin(2x)$ (30)

> $SolHomAsoc := y(x) = _C1 \cdot yy[1] + _C2 \cdot yy[2]$
 $SolHomAsoc := y(x) = _C1 e^x \cos(2x) + _C2 e^x \sin(2x)$ (31)

> $SolGral := y(x) = A(x) \cdot yy[1] + B(x) \cdot yy[2]$
 $SolGral := y(x) = A(x) e^x \cos(2x) + B(x) e^x \sin(2x)$ (32)

> $\text{with(linalg)} :$
> $WW := \text{wronskian}([yy[1], yy[2]], x)$
 $WW := \begin{bmatrix} e^x \cos(2x) & e^x \sin(2x) \\ e^x \cos(2x) - 2 e^x \sin(2x) & e^x \sin(2x) + 2 e^x \cos(2x) \end{bmatrix}$ (33)

> $BB := \text{array}([0, Q])$
 $BB := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 e^{2x} \end{bmatrix}$ (34)

> $DerParVar := \text{linsolve}(WW, BB) : A\text{prima} := \text{simplify}(DerParVar[1]); B\text{prima} := \text{simplify}(DerParVar[2])$
 $A\text{prima} := -\frac{3}{2} e^x \sin(2x)$
 $B\text{prima} := \frac{3}{2} e^x \cos(2x)$ (35)

> $A(x) := \text{int}(A\text{prima}, x) + _C1; B(x) := \text{int}(B\text{prima}, x) + _C2$
 $A(x) := \frac{3}{5} e^x \cos(2x) - \frac{3}{10} e^x \sin(2x) + _C1$
 $B(x) := \frac{3}{10} e^x \cos(2x) + \frac{3}{5} e^x \sin(2x) + _C2$ (36)

> $SolNoHom := SolGral$
 $SolNoHom := y(x) = \left(\frac{3}{5} e^x \cos(2x) - \frac{3}{10} e^x \sin(2x) + _C1 \right) e^x \cos(2x) + \left(\frac{3}{10} e^x \cos(2x) + \frac{3}{5} e^x \sin(2x) + _C2 \right) e^x \sin(2x)$ (37)

> $PrimeraCondicion := \text{eval}(\text{subs}(x=0, \text{rhs}(SolNoHom) = 4))$
 $PrimeraCondicion := \frac{3}{5} + _C1 = 4$ (38)

> $SegundaCondicion := \text{eval}(\text{subs}(x=0, \text{rhs}(\text{diff}(SolNoHom, x)) = -8))$

$$SegundaCondicion := \frac{6}{5} + _C1 + 2 _C2 = -8 \quad (39)$$

> Para[1] := isolate(PrimeraCondicion, _C1)

$$Para_1 := _C1 = \frac{17}{5} \quad (40)$$

> Para[2] := isolate(subs(_C1 = rhs(Para[1]), SegundaCondicion), _C2)

$$Para_2 := _C2 = -\frac{63}{10} \quad (41)$$

> SolPart := simplify(subs(_C1 = rhs(Para[1]), _C2 = rhs(Para[2]), SolNoHom))

$$SolPart := y(x) = \frac{1}{10} e^x (6 e^x + 34 \cos(2x) - 63 \sin(2x)) \quad (42)$$

comprobaciones

> SolPartDos := dsolve({Ecua, Cond})

$$SolPartDos := y(x) = -\frac{63}{10} e^x \sin(2x) + \frac{17}{5} e^x \cos(2x) + \frac{3}{5} e^{2x} \quad (43)$$

> Condicion[1] := simplify(subs(x = 0, SolPart))

$$Condicion_1 := y(0) = 4 \quad (44)$$

> Condicion[2] := D(y)(0) = simplify(subs(x = 0, rhs(diff(SolPart, x))))

$$Condicion_2 := D(y)(0) = -8 \quad (45)$$

> Cond

$$y(0) = 4, D(y)(0) = -8 \quad (46)$$

> restart

>