

$$y'' - 6y' + 9y = 2e^{4x} + 3x^2$$

1-

$$y'' - 6y' + 9y = 0$$

$$(D^2 - 6D + 9)y = 0$$

$$(D - 3)^2 y = 0$$

$$y_{g/H} = C_1 e^{3x} + C_2 x e^{3x}$$

EDO(2) LCC NH.

Método

"OPERADOR DIFERENCIAL"

$$Q(x) = 2e^{4x} + 3x^2$$

2-

$$y'' - 6y' + 9y = 2e^{4x} + 3x^2$$

Caso II.

$$(D - 3)^2 y = 2e^{4x} + 3x^2 \quad \text{EDO(2) LCC NH.}$$

$$\left((D - 3)^2 (D - 4) \frac{D^3}{A} \right) y = 0 \quad \text{EDO(6) LCC H.}$$

$$y_{g/H} = C_1 e^{3x} + C_2 x e^{3x} + C_3 e^{4x} + C_4 x^2 + C_5 x + C_6$$

$$\rightarrow y_{g/NH} = \underbrace{C_1 e^{3x} + C_2 x e^{3x}}_{y_{g/H_A}} + \underbrace{A e^{4x} + B x^2 + D x + E}_{y_{p/Q}}$$

$$y_{p/Q} = A e^{4x} + B x^2 + D x + E$$

$$y' = 4A e^{4x} + 2B x + D + (0)$$

$$y'' = 16A e^{4x} + 2B + (0)$$

$$y'' \Rightarrow 16A e^{4x} + 2B$$

$$-6y' \Rightarrow -24A e^{4x} - 12B x - 6D$$

$$+9y \Rightarrow 9A e^{4x} + 9B x^2 + 9D x + 9E$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2e^{4x} &\Rightarrow Ae^{4x} \\
 Q(x) \quad 3x^2 &\Rightarrow +9Bx^2 \\
 + (0)x &\Rightarrow -12Bx + 9Dx \\
 + (0) &\Rightarrow 2B - 6D + 9E.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A=2 &\rightarrow A=2 \\
 9B=3 &\rightarrow B=\frac{1}{3} \\
 -12B+9D=0 &\quad 9D=4 \rightarrow D=\frac{4}{9} \\
 2B-6D+9E=0 &\quad 9E=-\frac{2}{3}+\frac{24}{9} \quad E=\frac{2}{9}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$y_{p/q} = 2e^{4x} + \frac{1}{3}x^2 + \frac{4}{9}x + \frac{2}{9}$$

$$y_{g/NH} = C_1 e^{3x} + C_2 x e^{3x} + 2e^{4x} + \frac{1}{3}x^2 + \frac{4}{9}x + \frac{2}{9}$$

$$y'' + 8y' + 16y = 2e^{-4x}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (D^2 + 8D + 16)y &= 0 & Q = 2e^{-4x} \\
 (D+4)^2 y &= 0 \\
 y &= C_1 e^{-4x} + C_2 x e^{-4x}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(D+4)^2 y = 2e^{-4x} \quad \text{EDD}(2) \hookrightarrow \text{Lcc NH.}$$

$$(D+4)^2 (D+4) y = 0$$

$$(D+4)^3 y = 0 \quad \text{EDD}(3) \hookrightarrow \text{Lcc H.}$$

$$y = C_1 e^{-4x} + C_2 x e^{-4x} + C_3 x^2 e^{-4x}$$

$$y = C_1 e^{-4x} + C_2 x e^{-4x} + A x^2 e^{-4x}$$

$$y_{p/q} = Ax^2 e^{-4x}$$

$$y' = -4Ax^2 e^{-4x} + 2Ax e^{-4x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y'' &= 16Ax^2 e^{-4x} - 8Ax e^{-4x} - 8Ax e^{-4x} + 2A e^{-4x} \\ &= 16Ax^2 e^{-4x} - 16Ax e^{-4x} + 2A e^{-4x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &(16Ax^2 e^{-4x} - 16Ax e^{-4x} + 2A e^{-4x}) + \\ &+ (-32Ax^2 e^{-4x} + 16Ax e^{-4x}) + \\ &+ (16Ax^2 e^{-4x}) = 2e^{-4x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &((0)A) x^2 e^{-4x} + ((0)A) x e^{-4x} + \\ &+ (2A) e^{-4x} = 2e^{-4x} \end{aligned}$$

$$2A = 2 \quad A = 1$$

$$y_g = C_1 e^{-4x} + C_2 x e^{-4x} + x^2 e^{-4x}$$

$$y'' + 4y = 6 \cos(2x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} (D^2 + 4)y &= 0 \\ (D + 2i)(D - 2i)y &= 0 \\ y_g &= C_1 \cos(2x) + C_2 \sin(2x) \end{aligned}$$

$$(D^2 + 4)y = 6 \cos(2x)$$

$$(D^2 + 4)(D^2 + 4)y = 0$$

$$(D^2 + 4)^2 y = 0 \quad \text{EDO(4) LCH.}$$

ojo

$$\Rightarrow y_g = C_1 \cos(2x) + C_2 \sin(2x) + \underline{Ax \cos(2x)} + \underline{Bx \sin(2x)}$$

$$y_{p/q} = Ax \cos(2x) + Bx \sin(2x)$$

$$y' = -2Ax \sin(2x) + A \cos(2x) +$$

$$+ 2Bx \cos(2x) + B \sin(2x)$$

$$y'' = -4Ax \cos(2x) - 2A \sin(2x) - 2A \sin(2x) +$$

$$- 4Bx \sin(2x) + 2B \cos(2x) + 2B \cos(2x)$$

$$y'' = -4Ax \cos(2x) - 4A \sin(2x) +$$

$$- 4Bx \sin(2x) + 4B \cos(2x)$$

$$y'' = -4Ax \cos(2x) - 4Bx \sin(2x) - 4A \sin(2x) + 4B \cos(2x)$$

$$+ 4y = 4Ax \cos(2x) + 4Bx \sin(2x) + 0$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 6 \cos(2x) & \Rightarrow & +4B \cos(2x) \\ + & & \\ 0 \sin(2x) & & -4A \sin(2x) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 4B = 6 \quad B = \frac{3}{2} \\ -4A = 0 \quad A = 0 \end{array}$$

$$y_g = C_1 \cos(2x) + C_2 \sin(2x) + \frac{3}{2} x \sin(2x)$$

$$y_{\text{maple}} = C_2 \sin(2x) + C_1 \cos(2x) + \frac{3}{4} \cos(2x) + \frac{3}{2} x \sin(2x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} y_g &= \left(C_1 + \frac{3}{4}\right) \cos(2x) + C_2 \sin(2x) + \frac{3}{2} x \sin(2x) \\ &= C_{10} \cos(2x) + C_{20} \sin(2x) + \frac{3}{2} x \sin(2x) \end{aligned}$$