

> restart

Problema de la cuerda de guitarra de 1 mt largo y rasgando 1 mm

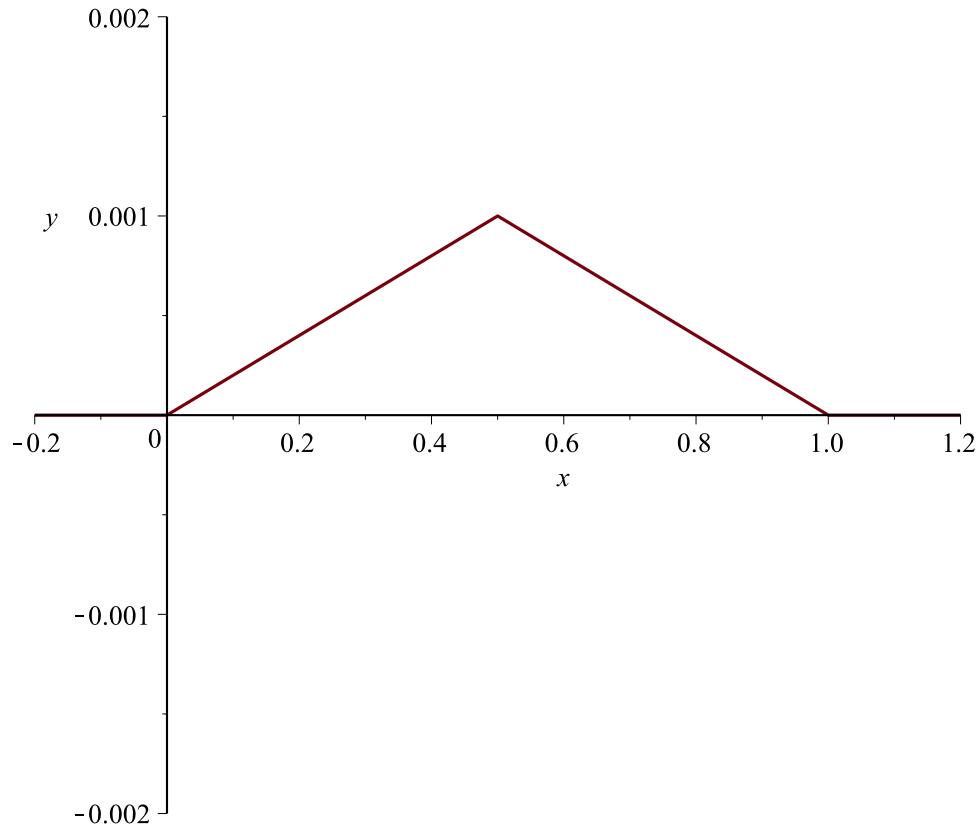
> Ecua := diff(y(x, t), t\$2) = c<sup>2</sup>·diff(y(x, t), x\$2)

$$\text{Ecua} := \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} y(x, t) = c^2 \left( \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} y(x, t) \right) \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{CondIniTray} := f = & \frac{\left(\frac{1}{1000}\right)}{\left(\frac{5}{10}\right)} \cdot x \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x) - 2 \cdot \frac{\left(\frac{1}{1000}\right)}{\left(\frac{5}{10}\right)} \cdot \left(x - \frac{5}{10}\right) \cdot \text{Heaviside}\left(x - \frac{5}{10}\right) \\ & + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{1000}\right)}{\left(\frac{5}{10}\right)} \cdot (x - 1) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x - 1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CondIniTray} := f = & \frac{1}{500} x \text{Heaviside}(x) - \frac{1}{250} \left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right) \text{Heaviside}\left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{500} (x \\ & - 1) \text{Heaviside}(x - 1) \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

> plot(rhs(CondIniTray), x = -0.2 .. 1.2, y = -0.002 .. 0.002)



> CondIniVel := 0

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CondIniVel := 0
(3)

> CondFrontera := F(0) = 0, F(1) = 0
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(4)

> Hipotesis := y(x, t) = F(x) · G(t)
Hipotesis := y(x, t) = F(x) G(t)
(5)

> EcuaSep := eval(subs(y(x, t) = rhs(Hipotesis), c² = 1, Ecua))
EcuaSep := F(x)  $\left( \frac{d^2}{dt^2} G(t) \right) = \left( \frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x) \right) G(t)
(6)

> EcuaSeparada := simplify( $\frac{lhs(EcuaSep)}{F(x) \cdot G(t)}$ ) = simplify( $\frac{rhs(EcuaSep)}{F(x) \cdot G(t)}$ )
EcuaSeparada :=  $\frac{\frac{d^2}{dt^2} G(t)}{G(t)} = \frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x)}{F(x)}$ 
(7)

> EcuaX := rhs(EcuaSeparada) = alpha
EcuaX :=  $\frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x)}{F(x)} = \alpha$ 
(8)

> EcuaT := lhs(EcuaSeparada) = alpha
EcuaT :=  $\frac{\frac{d^2}{dt^2} G(t)}{G(t)} = \alpha$ 
(9)

> EcuaXneg := subs(alpha = -β², EcuaX)
EcuaXneg :=  $\frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x)}{F(x)} = -\beta^2$ 
(10)

> SolXneg := dsolve(EcuaXneg)
SolXneg := F(x) = _C1 sin(β x) + _C2 cos(β x)
(11)

> ParaDos := simplify(subs(x = 0, rhs(SolXneg) = 0))
ParaDos := _C2 = 0
(12)

> SolXnegBis := subs(_C2 = rhs(ParaDos), SolXneg)
SolXnegBis := F(x) = _C1 sin(n π x)
(13)

> beta := n · Pi
β := n π
(14)

> SolXnegPart := SolXnegBis
SolXnegPart := F(x) = _C1 sin(n π x)
(15)

> EcuaTneg := subs(alpha = -β², EcuaT)
EcuaTneg :=  $\frac{\frac{d^2}{dt^2} G(t)}{G(t)} = -n^2 \pi^2$ 
(16)

> SolTneg := dsolve(EcuaTneg)$ 
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$$SolTneg := G(t) = \_C1 \sin(n \pi t) + \_C2 \cos(n \pi t) \quad (17)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > SolUno := y(x, t) = & \text{subs}(\_C1 = 1, \text{rhs}(SolXnegPart)) \cdot \text{rhs}(SolTneg) \\ & SolUno := y(x, t) = \sin(n \pi x) (\_C1 \sin(n \pi t) + \_C2 \cos(n \pi t)) \end{aligned} \quad (18)$$

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