

> restart

Problema de la cuerda de guitarra de 1 mt largo y rasgando 1 mm

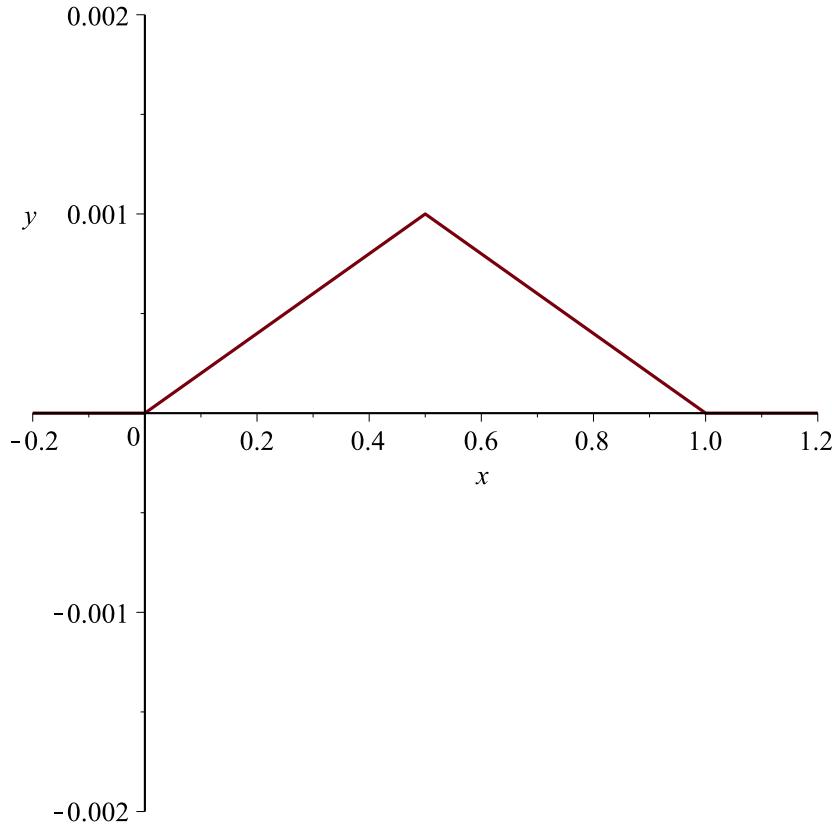
> Ecua := diff(y(x, t), t\$2) = c²·diff(y(x, t), x\$2)

$$\text{Ecua} := \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} y(x, t) = c^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} y(x, t) \right) \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{CondIniTray} := f = & \frac{\left(\frac{1}{1000}\right)}{\left(\frac{5}{10}\right)} \cdot x \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x) - 2 \cdot \frac{\left(\frac{1}{1000}\right)}{\left(\frac{5}{10}\right)} \cdot \left(x - \frac{5}{10}\right) \cdot \text{Heaviside}\left(x - \frac{5}{10}\right) \\ & + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{1000}\right)}{\left(\frac{5}{10}\right)} \cdot (x - 1) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x - 1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CondIniTray} := f = & \frac{1}{500} x \text{Heaviside}(x) - \frac{1}{250} \left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right) \text{Heaviside}\left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{500} (x \\ & - 1) \text{Heaviside}(x - 1) \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

> plot(rhs(CondIniTray), x = -0.2 .. 1.2, y = -0.002 .. 0.002)



> CondIniVel := 0

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CondIniVel := 0
(3)

> CondFrontera := F(0) = 0, F(1) = 0
CondFrontera := F(0) = 0, F(1) = 0
(4)

> Hipotesis := y(x, t) = F(x) · G(t)
Hipotesis := y(x, t) = F(x) G(t)
(5)

> EcuaSep := eval(subs(y(x, t) = rhs(Hipotesis), c² = 1, Ecua))
EcuaSep := F(x)  $\left( \frac{d^2}{dt^2} G(t) \right) = \left( \frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x) \right) G(t)
(6)

> EcuaSeparada := simplify( $\frac{lhs(EcuaSep)}{F(x) \cdot G(t)}$ ) = simplify( $\frac{rhs(EcuaSep)}{F(x) \cdot G(t)}$ )
EcuaSeparada :=  $\frac{\frac{d^2}{dt^2} G(t)}{G(t)} = \frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x)}{F(x)}$ 
(7)

> EcuaX := rhs(EcuaSeparada) = alpha
EcuaX :=  $\frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x)}{F(x)} = \alpha$ 
(8)

> EcuaT := lhs(EcuaSeparada) = alpha
EcuaT :=  $\frac{\frac{d^2}{dt^2} G(t)}{G(t)} = \alpha$ 
(9)

> EcuaXneg := subs(alpha = -β², EcuaX)
EcuaXneg :=  $\frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x)}{F(x)} = -\beta^2$ 
(10)

> SolXneg := dsolve(EcuaXneg)
SolXneg := F(x) = _C1 sin(β x) + _C2 cos(β x)
(11)

> ParaDos := simplify(subs(x = 0, rhs(SolXneg) = 0))
ParaDos := _C2 = 0
(12)

> SolXnegBis := subs(_C2 = rhs(ParaDos), SolXneg)
SolXnegBis := F(x) = _C1 sin(β x)
(13)

> beta := n · Pi
β := n π
(14)

> SolXnegPart := SolXnegBis
SolXnegPart := F(x) = _C1 sin(n π x)
(15)

> EcuaTneg := subs(alpha = -β², EcuaT)
EcuaTneg :=  $\frac{\frac{d^2}{dt^2} G(t)}{G(t)} = -n^2 \pi^2$ 
(16)

> SolTneg := dsolve(EcuaTneg)$ 
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$$SolTneg := G(t) = _C1 \sin(n \pi t) + _C2 \cos(n \pi t) \quad (17)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > SolUno := y(x, t) = & \text{subs}(_C1 = 1, \text{rhs}(SolXnegPart)) \cdot \text{rhs}(SolTneg) \\ & SolUno := y(x, t) = \sin(n \pi x) (_C1 \sin(n \pi t) + _C2 \cos(n \pi t)) \end{aligned} \quad (18)$$

HASTA LA CLASE DEL JUEVES

$$\begin{aligned} > ComprobarUno := & \text{eval}(\text{subs}(x = 0, SolUno)) \\ & ComprobarUno := y(0, t) = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (19)$$

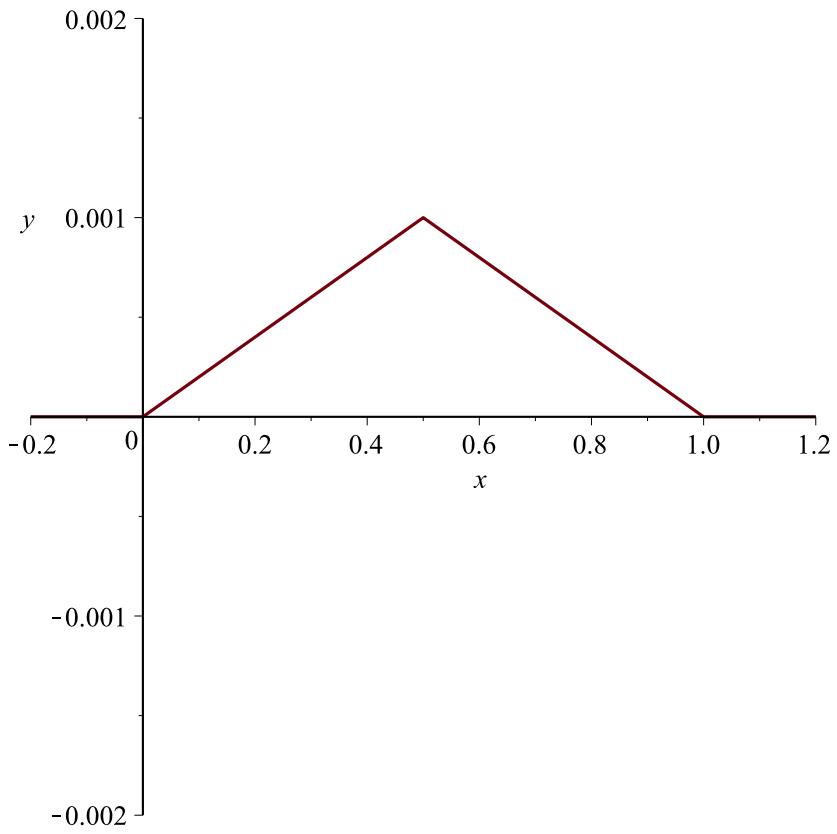
$$\begin{aligned} > ComprobarDos := & \text{subs}(\sin(n \cdot \text{Pi}) = 0, (\text{subs}(x = 1, SolUno))) \\ & ComprobarDos := y(1, t) = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (20)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > SolGeneral := y(x, t) = & \text{Sum}(\text{subs}(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} _C2 = b[n], _C1 = a[n], \text{rhs}(SolUno)), n = 1 .. \text{infinity}) \\ & SolGeneral := y(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sin(n \pi x) (a_n \sin(n \pi t) + b_n \cos(n \pi t)) \end{aligned} \quad (21)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > SolPartIni := F(x) = & \text{eval}(\text{subs}(t = 0, \text{rhs}(SolGeneral))) \\ & SolPartIni := F(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sin(n \pi x) b_n \end{aligned} \quad (22)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > L := & \frac{5}{10} \\ & L := \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned} \quad (23)$$

$$> plot(\text{rhs}(CondIniTray), x = -0.2 .. 1.2, y = -0.002 .. 0.002)$$

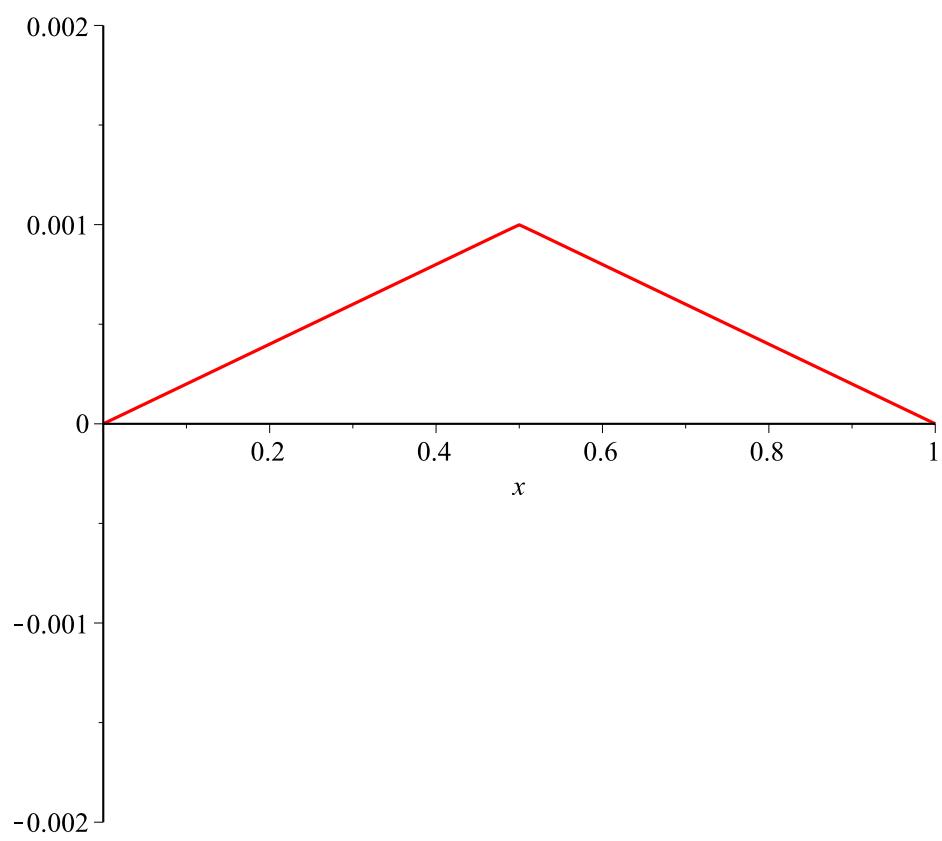


$$\begin{aligned} > b[n] := \text{subs}\left(\sin(n\cdot\text{Pi})=0, \left(\frac{1}{L}\right) \cdot \text{int}(\text{rhs}(\text{CondIniTray}) \cdot \sin(n\cdot\text{Pi}\cdot x), x=0..1)\right) \\ & b_n := \frac{1}{125} \frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2} n \pi\right)}{n^2 \pi^2} \end{aligned} \quad (24)$$

$$> a[n] := 0 \quad a_n := 0 \quad (25)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{SolParticular} := y(x, t) = \text{Sum}(\text{subs}(_C2=b[n], _CI=a[n], \text{rhs}(\text{SolUno})), n=1..\text{infinity}) \\ & \text{SolParticular} := y(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{125} \frac{\sin(n\pi x) \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} n \pi\right) \cos(n\pi t)}{n^2 \pi^2} \end{aligned} \quad (26)$$

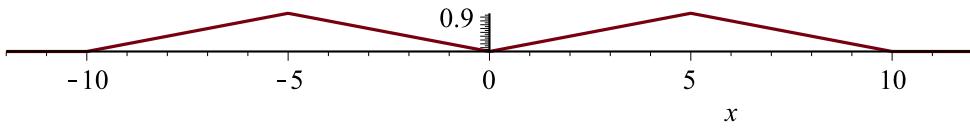
> $\text{SolPart500} := y(x, t) = \text{Sum}(\text{subs}(_C2=b[n], _CI=a[n], \text{rhs}(\text{SolUno})), n=1..500)$:
 > $\text{with}(\text{plots})$:
 > $\text{animate}(\text{rhs}(\text{SolPart500}), x=0..1, t=0..2, \text{frames}=150, \text{view}=[0..1, -0.002..0.002])$



> restart

> $f := \left(\frac{2}{10} \right) \cdot (x + 10) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x + 10) - 2 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{10} \right) \cdot (x + 5) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x + 5) + \left(\frac{2}{10} \right) \cdot (x) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x) + \frac{2}{10} \cdot x \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x) - 2 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{10} \right) \cdot (x - 5) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x - 5) + \left(\frac{2}{10} \right) \cdot (x - 10) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x - 10); \text{plot}(f, x = -12 .. 12, \text{scaling} = \text{CONSTRAINED})$

$f := \frac{1}{5} (x + 10) \text{Heaviside}(x + 10) - \frac{2}{5} (x + 5) \text{Heaviside}(x + 5) + \frac{2}{5} x \text{Heaviside}(x) - \frac{2}{5} (x - 5) \text{Heaviside}(x - 5) + \frac{1}{5} (x - 10) \text{Heaviside}(x - 10)$



COMO LA FUNCIÓN f ES PAR

$$> L := 10 \quad L := 10 \quad (27)$$

$$> a[n] := \left(\frac{1}{L} \right) \cdot \text{int}\left(f \cdot \cos\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi}}{L} \cdot x \right), x = -L..L \right)$$

$$a_n := \frac{1}{10} \frac{80 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} n \pi \right) - 40 \cos(n \pi) - 40}{n^2 \pi^2} \quad (28)$$

$$> a[0] := \left(\frac{1}{L} \right) \cdot \text{int}(f, x = -L..L) \quad a_0 := 1 \quad (29)$$

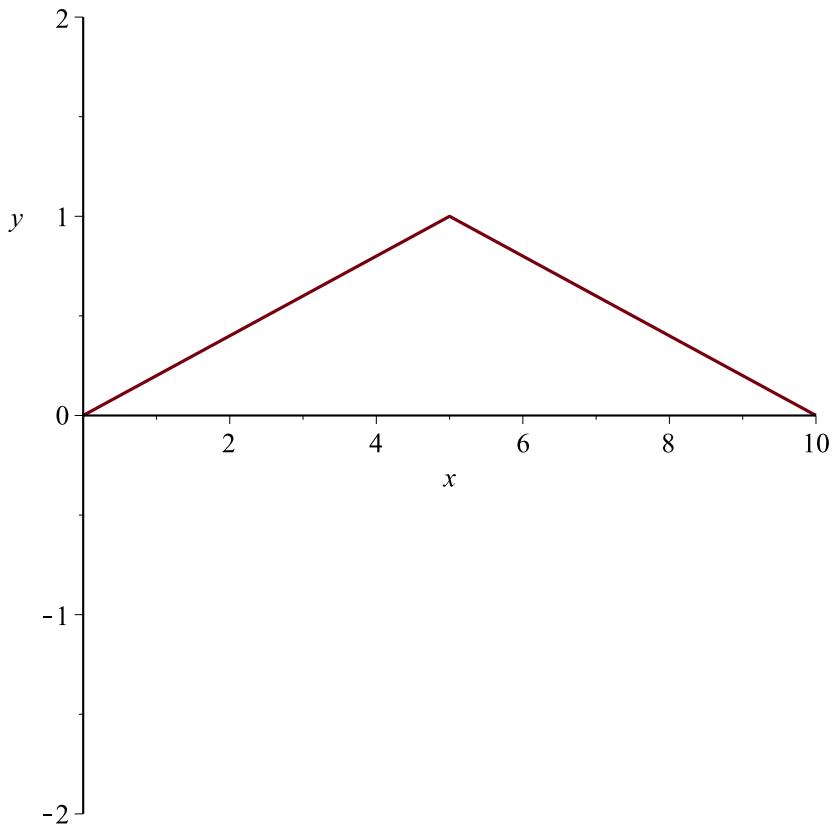
$$> b[n] := \left(\frac{1}{L} \right) \cdot \text{int}\left(f \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi}}{L} \cdot x \right), x = -L..L \right) \quad b_n := 0 \quad (30)$$

$$> SolGeneralPar := \frac{a[0]}{2} + \text{Sum}\left(a[n] \cdot \cos\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi}}{L} \cdot x \right), n = 1 .. \text{infinity} \right)$$

$$SolGeneralPar := \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{10} \frac{\left(80 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} n \pi\right) - 40 \cos(n \pi) - 40\right) \cos\left(\frac{1}{10} n \pi x\right)}{n^2 \pi^2} \quad (31)$$

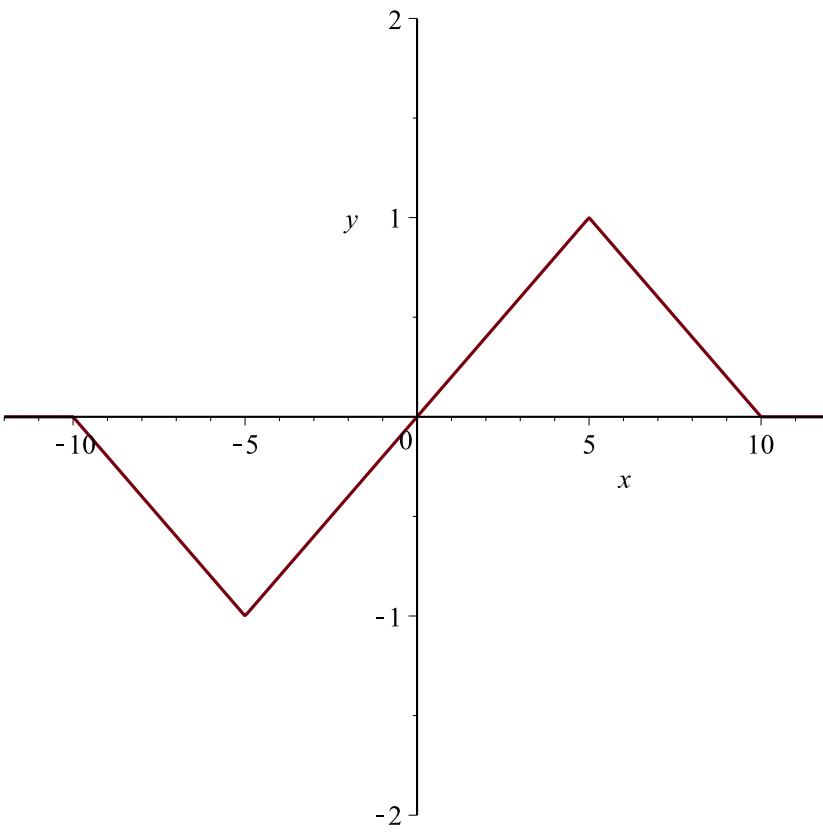
> $SolGral500 := \frac{a[0]}{2} + \text{Sum}\left(a[n] \cdot \cos\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi}}{L} \cdot x\right), n = 1 .. 500\right) :$

> $\text{plot}(SolGral500, x = 0 .. 10, y = -2 .. 2)$



> $g := -\left(\frac{2}{10}\right) \cdot (x + 10) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x + 10) + 2 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{10}\right) \cdot (x + 5) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x + 5) - \left(\frac{2}{10}\right) \cdot (x) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x) + \frac{2}{10} \cdot x \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x) - 2 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{10}\right) \cdot (x - 5) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x - 5) + \left(\frac{2}{10}\right) \cdot (x - 10) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x - 10); \text{plot}(g, x = -12 .. 12, y = -2 .. 2)$

$g := -\frac{1}{5} (x + 10) \text{Heaviside}(x + 10) + \frac{2}{5} (x + 5) \text{Heaviside}(x + 5) - \frac{2}{5} (x - 5) \text{Heaviside}(x - 5) + \frac{1}{5} (x - 10) \text{Heaviside}(x - 10)$



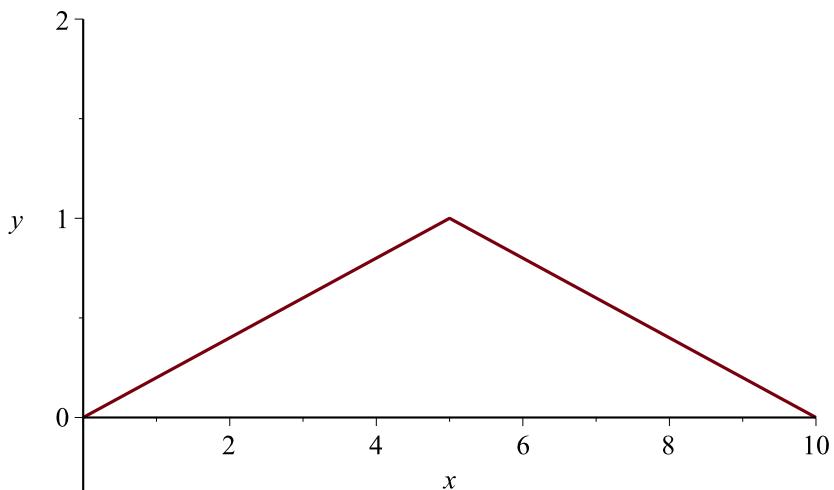
$$> a[0] := \left(\frac{1}{L} \right) \cdot \text{int}(g, x = -L..L) \quad a_0 := 0 \quad (32)$$

$$> a[n] := \left(\frac{1}{L} \right) \cdot \text{int}\left(g \cdot \cos\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi}}{L} \cdot x \right), x = -L..L \right) \quad a_n := 0 \quad (33)$$

$$> b[n] := \left(\frac{1}{L} \right) \cdot \text{int}\left(g \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi}}{L} \cdot x \right), x = -L..L \right) \\ b_n := \frac{1}{10} \cdot \frac{-40 \sin(n \pi) + 80 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} n \pi\right)}{n^2 \pi^2} \quad (34)$$

$$> SolGralImpar := \text{Sum}\left(b[n] \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi}}{L} \cdot x \right), n = 1 .. \text{infinity} \right) \\ SolGralImpar := \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{10} \cdot \frac{\left(-40 \sin(n \pi) + 80 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} n \pi\right) \right) \sin\left(\frac{1}{10} n \pi x\right)}{n^2 \pi^2} \quad (35)$$

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> SolGralImpar500 := Sum( b[n]·sin(  $\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi}}{L} \cdot x$  ), n = 1 .. 500 ) :  
=> plot(SolGralImpar500, x=0 .. 10, y=-2 .. 2)
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